### STATEMENT OF BASIS

For the issuance of Draft Air Permit #1927-AGP-000 AFIN: Statewide

### 1. PERMITTING AUTHORITY:

Division of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive North Little Rock, Arkansas 72118-5317

#### 2. APPLICANT:

**Qualifying Cotton Gins** 

#### 3. PERMIT WRITER:

Elliott Marshall

#### 4. NAICS DESCRIPTION AND CODE:

NAICS Description: Cotton Ginning

NAICS Code: 115111

#### 5. SUBMITTALS:

Date of Submittal	Type of Permitting Action	Short Description of Any Changes
	(New, Renewal, Modification,	That Would Be Considered New or
	Deminimis/Minor Mod, or	Modified Emissions
	Administrative Amendment)	
Not Applicable	Renewal	Add SN-01, ≤ 99.0 MMBtu/hr natural
		gas combustion unit(s)

#### 6. REVIEWER'S NOTES:

This permit is a renewal of Air Permit #1927-AGP-000 for certain minor source Cotton Gins in Arkansas (referred to as either the "General Permit" or "GP"). Changes to the General Permit include:

- 1. Add "process air heater" definition to Definitions section.
- 2. Revise all references of Regulation 18, 19 and 26 to Rule 18, 19 and 26.
- 3. Add SN-01 and associated Specific Conditions (#16 through #25) limiting the total heat input from all natural gas combustion sources designated as SN-01, at the facility, to 99.0 MMBtu/hr.
- 4. Require electronic submittal of applications unless a waiver is obtained (General Condition 23).

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All changes to permitted emissions can be attributed to the addition of SN-01. Permitted emission rates are increasing by 3.3 tpy PM/PM<sub>10</sub>, 0.3 tpy SO<sub>2</sub>, 2.4 tpy VOC, 35.8 tpy CO, 42.6 tpy NO<sub>X</sub>, 2.13E-04 tpy Lead and 0.81 tpy Total HAPs.

## 7. COMPLIANCE STATUS:

The following summarizes the current compliance of the facility including active/pending enforcement actions and recent compliance activities and issues.

Not Applicable – This is a General Permit.

### 8. PSD/GHG APPLICABILITY:

- a) Did the facility undergo PSD review in this permit (i.e., BACT, Modeling, etc.)? N If yes, were GHG emission increases significant? N
- b) Is the facility categorized as a major source for PSD?

N

• Single pollutant  $\geq$  100 tpy and on the list of 28 or single pollutant  $\geq$  250 tpy and not on list

If yes for 8(b), explain why this permit modification is not PSD.

#### 9. SOURCE AND POLLUTANT SPECIFIC REGULATORY APPLICABILITY:

Source	Pollutant	Regulation (NSPS, NESHAP or PSD)
SN-01	SO <sub>2</sub> , PM	NSPS Dc

#### 10. COMPLIANCE ASSURANCE MONITORING (CAM) – TITLE V PERMITS ONLY:

List sources potentially subject to CAM because they use a control device to achieve compliance and have pre-control emissions of at least 100 percent of the major source level. List the pollutant of concern and a brief summary of the CAM plan (temperature monitoring, CEMs, opacity monitoring, etc.) and frequency requirements of § 64.

Source	Pollutant Controlled	Cite Exemption or CAM Plan Monitoring and Frequency
		N/A

#### 11. EMISSION CHANGES AND FEE CALCULATION:

Plantwide Permitted Emissions (tons/yr)						
Pollutant Previous Permit This Permit Change						
PM 170.7 174.0 +3.3						
PM <sub>10</sub> 95.0 98.3 +3.3						
$\overline{\mathrm{SO}_2}$		0.3	+0.3			

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Plantwide Permitted Emissions (tons/yr)							
Pollutant	Pollutant Previous Permit This Permit Change						
VOC		2.4					
CO		35.8	+35.8				
$NO_X$	NO <sub>X</sub> 42.6						
Lead		2.13E-04	+2.13E-04				
Total HAPs		0.81	+0.81				

#### 12. AMBIENT AIR EVALUATIONS:

The following are results for ambient air evaluations or modeling.

### a) NAAQS

A NAAQS evaluation is not required under the Arkansas State Implementation Plan, National Ambient Air Quality Standards, Infrastructure SIPs and NAAQS SIP per Ark. Code Ann. § 8-4-318, dated March 2017 and the DEQ Air Permit Screening Modeling Instructions.

#### b) Non-Criteria Pollutants:

The non-criteria pollutants listed below were evaluated. Based on Division of Environmental Quality procedures for review of non-criteria pollutants, emissions of all other non-criteria pollutants are below thresholds of concern.

### 1<sup>st</sup> Tier Screening (PAER)

Estimated hourly emissions from the following sources were compared to the Presumptively Acceptable Emission Rate (PAER) for each compound. The Division of Environmental Quality has deemed the PAER to be the product, in lb/hr, of 0.11 and the Threshold Limit Value (mg/m³), as listed by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

Pollutant	TLV (mg/m³)	$PAER (lb/hr) = 0.11 \times TLV$	Proposed lb/hr	Pass?
Arsenic	0.01	0.0011	1.94E-05	Y
Benzene	0.064	0.007	2.04E-04	Y
Beryllium	5E-05	5.5E-06	1.16E-06	Y
Cadmium	0.01	0.0011	1.07E-04	Y
Chromium	0.0002	2.2E-05	1.36E-04	*
Cobalt	0.02	0.0022	8.15E-06	Y

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Pollutant	TLV (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	$PAER (lb/hr) = 0.11 \times TLV$	Proposed lb/hr	Pass?
Lead	0.05	0.0055	4.86E-05	Y
Manganese	0.1	0.011	3.69E-05	Y
Mercury	0.01	0.0011	2.52E-05	Y
POM	0.2	0.022	8.56E-06	Y
Selenium	0.2	0.022	2.33E-06	Y

<sup>\*</sup>This TLV is based on Chromium VI however EPA documents lead us to assume that air emissions of chromium are predominantly of Chromium III which has a PAER of 3.3E-04

# c) H<sub>2</sub>S Modeling:

A.C.A. §8-3-103 requires hydrogen sulfide emissions to meet specific ambient standards. Many sources are exempt from this regulation, refer to the Arkansas Code for details.

Is the facility exempt from the  $H_2S$  Standards If exempt, explain: No  $H_2S$  Emissions.

Y

## 13. CALCULATIONS:

SN	Emission Factor Source (AP-42, testing, etc.)	Emission Factor (lb/ton, lb/hr, etc.)	Control Equipment	Control Equipment Efficiency	Comments
01	AP-42 Table 1.4.1	PM and PM <sub>10</sub> 7.6 lb/MMscf CO 84 lb/MMscf NO <sub>x</sub> 100 lb/MMscf Lead 0.0005 lb/MMscf SO <sub>2</sub> 0.6 lb/MMscf VOC 5.5 lb/MMscf HAPs and Air Contaminants Varied	None	-	Assume all boilers/combustion units are uncontrolled  Based on 99.0  MMBtu/hr
Type 1 Gin	2013 Proposed	PM (lb/bale) Unloading: 0.2823	This type of gin is		Test Design 3 numbers used

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	Г				
	Emission				
	Factor			Control	
SN	Source	Emission Factor	Control	Equipment	Comments
214	(AP-42,	(lb/ton, lb/hr, etc.)	Equipment	Efficiency	Comments
	testing,			Efficiency	
	etc.)				
	Updates	1st Stage Cotton Seed	classified as		from study. Study
	for AP-	Cleaning: 0.2983	a cotton gin		can be found in
	42	2nd Stage Cotton Seed	with		Final Permit Files.
	Cotton	Cleaning:0.1257	screened		
	Gin	3rd Stage Cotton Seed	drums and		
	Emission	Cleaning: 0.0567 Combined Lint	cages		
	Factors	Cleaning: 1.1	controlling		
	based on	Combined Mote:	the lint		
	a	0.3094	cleaner and		
	national	Battery Condenser:	battery		
	study of	0.17	condenser		
	cotton	Cyclone Robber:	exhausts.		
	gins by	0.0335	All other		
	the	Mote Cyclone Robber: 0.0954	exhaust		
	USDA	Master Trash: 0.3599			
	and OSU	Overflow (Distributor):	streams are controlled		
	Table	0.0848			
		Mote Cleaner: 0.2279	by high		
	13b,	Mote Trash: 0.0419	efficiency		
	Table	PM <sub>10</sub> (lb/bale)	cyclones as		
	14b,	Unloading: 0.2268	defined in		
	Table	1st Stage Cotton Seed Cleaning: 0.1868	this permit.		
	15b	2nd Stage Cotton Seed	This type of		
	And	Cleaning:0.0829	gin also		
	AP-42	3rd Stage Cotton Seed	uses		
	Table	Cleaning: 0.0461	combined		
	9.7-1	Combined Lint	lint cleaners		
		Cleaning: 0.55	and mote		
		Combined Mote:	systems		
		0.2231	rather than		
		Battery Condenser: 0.085	1st/2nd stage		
		Cyclone Robber:	lint cleaners		
		0.0202	and mote		
		Mote Cyclone Robber:	systems.		
		0.0522			
		Master Trash: 0.1241			
		Overflow (Distributor):			
		0.0481			
		Mote Cleaner: 0.1392			
		Mote Trash: 0.0236			

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SN	Emission Factor Source (AP-42, testing, etc.)	Emission Factor (lb/ton, lb/hr, etc.)	Control Equipment	Control Equipment Efficiency	Comments
Type 2 Gin	2013 Proposed Updates for AP- 42 Cotton Gin Emission Factors based on a national study of cotton gins by the USDA and OSU Table 13b, Table 14b, Table 15b	All factors are the same as Type 1 Gin except the following:  PM (lb/bale) Combined Lint Cleaners: 0.5066 Battery Condenser:0.0752  PM 10 (lb/bale) Combined Lint Cleaners: 0.2804 Battery Condenser: 0.0388	This type of gin is classified as a gin with all exhaust streams controlled by high efficiency cyclones as defined in this permit. This type of gin also uses combined lint cleaners and mote systems.		Test Design 3 numbers used from study. Study can be found in Final Permit Files

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SN	Emission Factor Source (AP-42, testing, etc.)	Emission Factor (lb/ton, lb/hr, etc.)	Control Equipment	Control Equipment Efficiency	Comments
Type 3 Gin	2013 Proposed Updates for AP- 42 Cotton Gin Emission Factors based on a national study of cotton gins by the USDA and OSU Table 13b, Table 14b, Table 15b And AP-42 Table 9.7-1	All factors are the same as Type 2 Gin except in lieu of the combined lint cleaners and the combined mote, there will be factors for 1st Stage and 2nd Stage Lint Cleaners and Mote Systems  PM (lb/bale) 1st/2nd Stage Lint Cleaning: 1.1 1st Stage Mote: 0.0632 2nd Stage Mote: 0.0269  PM10 (lb/bale) 1st/2nd Stage Lint Cleaning: 0.55 1st Stage Mote: 0.0447 2nd Stage Mote: 0.0219	This type of gin is classified as a cotton gin with screened drums and cages controlling the lint cleaner and battery condenser exhausts. All other exhaust streams are controlled by high efficiency cyclones as defined in this permit. This type of gin uses 1st/2nd stage lint cleaners and mote systems.		Test Design 3 numbers used from study. Study can be found in Final Permit Files

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SN	Emission Factor Source (AP-42, testing, etc.)	Emission Factor (lb/ton, lb/hr, etc.)	Control Equipment	Control Equipment Efficiency	Comments
Type 4 Gin	Proposed Updates for AP- 42 Cotton Gin Emission Factors based on a national study of cotton gins by the USDA and OSU Table 13b, Table 14b, Table 15b	All factors are the same as Type 3 Gin except the following 1st Stage and 2nd Stage Lint Cleaner emission factors.  PM (lb/bale) 1st Stage Lint Cleaning: 0.1726 2nd Stage Lint Cleaning:0.0632  PM10 (lb/bale) 1st Stage Lint Cleaning: 0.1231 2nd Stage Lint Cleaning:0.0425	This type of gin is classified as a gin with all exhaust streams controlled by high efficiency cyclones as defined in this permit. This type of gin uses 1st/2nd stage lint cleaners and mote systems.		Test Design 3 numbers used from study. Study can be found in Final Permit Files.

## Calculations for PM and PM<sub>10</sub> Type 1 Gin

PM

Total PM emission factor =

(0.2823+0.2983+0.1257+0.0567+1.1+0.3094+0.17+0.0335+0.0954+0.3599+0.0848+0.2279+0.0419) = 3.1858 lb/bale

Tons per year =  $105,082 \text{ bales/yr x } 3.1858 \text{ lb/bale} \div 2000 \text{ lb/ton} = 167.4 \text{ tons/yr}$ 

PM10

Total PM<sub>10</sub> emission factor =

(0.2268+0.1868+0.0829+0.0461+0.55+0.2231+0.085+0.0202+0.0522+0.1241+0.0481+0.1392+0.0236) = 1.8081 lb/bale

Bales per year =  $95 \text{ ton/yr} \times 2000 \text{ lb/ton} \div 1.8081 \text{ lb/bale} = 105,082 \text{ bales/yr}$ 

Type 2 Gin

PM

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#### Total PM emission factor =

 $(0.2823 + 0.2983 + 0.1257 + 0.0567 + 0.5066 + 0.3094 + 0.0752 + 0.0335 + 0.0954 + 0.3599 + 0.0848 + 0.2279 \\ + 0.0419) = 2.4976 \text{ lb/bale}$ 

Tons per year = 127,320 bales/yr x 2.4976 lb/bale ÷ 2000 lb/ton = 159.0 tons/yr

#### PM10

#### Total PM<sub>10</sub> emission factor =

 $(0.2268 + 0.1868 + 0.0829 + 0.0461 + 0.2804 + 0.2231 + 0.0388 + 0.0202 + 0.0522 + 0.1241 + 0.0481 + 0.1392 \\ + 0.0236) = 1.4923 \text{ lb/bale}$ 

Bales per year = 95 ton/yr x 2000 lb/ton ÷ 1.4923 lb/bale = 127,320 bales/yr

### Type 3 Gin

#### PM

## Total PM emission factor =

(0.2823+0.2983+0.1257+0.0567+1.1+0.0632+0.0269+0.17+0.0335+0.0954+0.3599+0.0848+0.22 79+0.0419) = 2.9665 lb/bale

Tons per year = 115,039 bales/yr x 2.9665 lb/bale  $\div 2000$  lb/ton = 170.7 tons/yr

#### PM10

#### Total PM<sub>10</sub> emission factor =

(0.2268+0.1868+0.0829+0.0461+0.55+0.0447+0.0219+0.085+0.0202+0.0522+0.1241+0.0481+0.1392+0.0236) = 1.6516 lb/bale

Bales per year = 95 ton/yr x 2000 lb/ton ÷ 1.6516 lb/bale = 115,039 bales/yr

## Type 4 Gin

#### PM

#### Total PM emission factor =

(0.2823+0.2983+0.1257+0.0567+0.1726+0.0632+0.0632+0.0269+0.0752+0.0335+0.0954+0.3599+0.0848+0.2279+0.0419) = 2.0075 lb/bale

Tons per year = 155,610 bales/yr x 2.0075 lb/bale  $\div$  2000 lb/ton = 156.2 tons/yr PM<sub>10</sub>

## Total PM<sub>10</sub> emission factor =

 $(0.2268 + 0.1868 + 0.0829 + 0.0461 + 0.1231 + 0.0425 + 0.0447 + 0.0219 + 0.0388 + 0.0202 + 0.0522 + 0.1241 \\ + 0.0481 + 0.1392 + 0.0236) = 1.221 \text{ lb/bale}$ 

Bales per year =  $95 \text{ ton/yr} \times 2000 \text{ lb/ton} \div 1.221 \text{ lb/bale} = 155,610 \text{ bales/yr}$ 

#### **Customized Limit**

The following are used in the customized limits calculation

Source Types	PM Emission Factor	PM <sub>10</sub> Emission Factor	
	(lb/bale)	(lb/bale)	
Unloading	0.2823	0.2268	
1st Stage Cotton Cleaning	0.2983	0.1868	
2nd Stage Cotton Cleaning	0.1257	0.0829	
3rd Stage Cotton Cleaning	0.0567	0.0461	
Overflow	0.0848	0.0481	
Combined Lint Cleaner with Screened	1.1	0.55	
Drum/Cages			
Combined Lint Cleaner with Cyclones	0.5066	0.2804	
Battery Condenser with Screened	0.17	0.085	
Drums/Cages			

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Battery Condenser with Cyclones	0.0752	0.0388
Combined Mote	0.3094	0.2231
Cyclone Robber	0.0355	0.0202
Mote Trash	0.0419	0.0236
Master Trash	0.3599	0.1241
1st Stage Lint Cleaning with Screened	0.55	0.275
Drums/Cages		
1st Stage Lint Cleaning with Cyclones	0.1726	0.1231
2nd Stage Lint Cleaning with Screened	0.55	0.275
Drums/Cages		
2nd Stage Lint Cleaning with Cyclones	0.0632	0.0425
1st Stage Mote	0.0632	0.0447
2nd Stage Mote	0.0269	0.0219
Mote Robber	0.0954	0.0522
Mote Cleaner	0.2279	0.1392

## 14. TESTING REQUIREMENTS:

The permit requires testing of the following sources.

SN	Pollutants	Test Method	Test Interval	Justification
		N/A		

## 15. MONITORING OR CEMS:

The permittee must monitor the following parameters with CEMS or other monitoring equipment (temperature, pressure differential, etc.)

SN	Parameter or Pollutant	Method	Frequency	Report (Y/N)
DIV	to be Monitored	(CEM, Pressure Gauge, etc.)	Trequency	Report (1/14)
N/A				

# 16. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS:

The following are items (such as throughput, fuel usage, VOC content, etc.) that must be tracked and recorded.

SN	Recorded Item	Permit Limit	Frequency	Report (Y/N)
Facility Wide Type 1 Gin	Throughput	105,082	Monthly	N
Facility Wide Type 2 Gin	Throughput	127,320	Monthly	N
Facility Wide Type 3 Gin	Throughput	115,039	Monthly	N

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SN	Recorded Item	Permit Limit	Frequency	Report (Y/N)
Facility Wide Type 4 Gin	Throughput	155,610	Monthly	N
Facility Wide Specific Limit	Throughput	See NOI	Monthly	Y
	Fuel Throughput (based on usage)	-	Daily	Y
	Fuel Throughput (based on use)	-	Monthly	Y
SN-01	Fuel Throughput (based on amount delivered to the property)	-	Daily	Y
	Records relating to NSPS Subpart Dc	See Specific Conditions #20 - 25	-	Y
	List of all nat. gas combustion sources and firing rates	Keep up-to-date	Immediately after change	N

## 17. OPACITY:

SN	Opacity	Justification for limit	Compliance Mechanism
Facility wide	20%	Rule 19.503	Inspector Observation
SN-01	5%	Rule 18.501	Natural Gas as sole fuel

# 18. DELETED CONDITIONS:

Former SC	Justification for removal
	N/A

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## 19. GROUP A INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES:

The insignificant activities will be detailed in the Notice of Intent.

## 20. VOIDED, SUPERSEDED, OR SUBSUMED PERMITS:

The following is a list of all active permits voided/superseded/subsumed by the issuance of this permit.

Permit #
All Previously Issued 1927-AGP-000 Permits